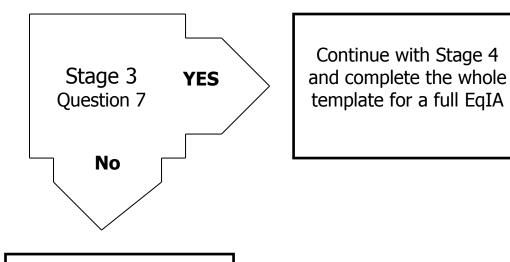
Equality Impact Assessment Template

The Council has revised and simplified its Equality Impact Assessment process. There is now just one Template. Project Managers will need to complete **Stages 1-3** to determine whether a full EqIA is required and the need to complete the whole template.

Complete Stages 1-3 for all project proposals, new policy, policy review, service review, deletion of service, restructure etc



Go to Stage 6 and complete the rest of the template

Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) Template

In order to carry out this assessment, it is important that you have completed the EqIA E-learning Module and read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs. Please refer to these to assist you in completing this assessment.

It will also help you to look at the EqIA Template with Guidance Notes to assist you in completing the EqIA.

Type of Project / Proposal:	Tick ✓	Type of Decision: Tick ✓					
Transformation		Cabinet X					
Capital		Portfolio Holder					
Service Plan	X	Corporate Strategic Board					
Other	Other						
Title of Project:	Harrow Yo	outh Offending Partnership Youth Justice Plan 2014-15					
Directorate / Service responsible:	Children a	nd Families Directorate, Targeted Services Division					
Name and job title of lead officer:	Chris Sper	ncer Director Childrens Services.					
Name & contact details of the other persons involved in the assessment:	Ann Garratt Service Manager Youth Offending Team. Tel ext 6976 Aman Sekhon-Gill Tel ext 6755						
Date of assessment:	11 th Augus	st 2014					
Stage 1: Overview							
	It is a stat	cutory requirement to produce an annual Youth Justice Plan for Harrow.					
1. What are you trying to do? (Explain proposals e.g. introduction of a new service or policy, policy review, changing criteria, reduction / removal of service, restructure, deletion of posts etc.)	The plan identifies the responsibilities and the actions required by the Youth Offending Team and Partners to protect the public, prevent crime and anti-social behaviour committed by young people with the overall aim of improving the life chances for children and young people.						
of service, restructure, deletion of posts etc)	The Youth Offending Team does not undertake prevention work with young people who are at risk of offending. First time entrants refers to young people who have						

committed an offence but are diverted from the criminal justice system through

	TRIAGE.						
	The Youth Offending Team follows a series of processes prescribed by the Youth Justice Board, including the completion of an assessment (ASSET) of the young person from which an individualised intervention plan is developed.						
	annual Youth Justice P Police, Probation and F	lan. I Iealtl	receives funding from the Harrow Council also provention In all provide funding in king services eg parenting	ides ind.	funding. The Metr In addition the Yo	opolitan	
	The Youth Justice Boar Offending Teams:	d ha	s identified 3 outcome ir	ndica	tors for all Youth		
	Reducing first time ent	rants	s to the criminal justice s	yste	m		
	Reducing re-offending						
	Reducing the risk of cu	stod	у.				
	Residents / Service		Partners		Stakeholders		
	Users	Х		X		X	
	Staff	Х	Age	Х	Disability	X	
2. Who are the main people / Protected Characteristics that	Gender Reassignment		Marriage and Civil		Pregnancy and		
may be affected by your proposals? (✓ all that apply)		X	Partnership	X	Maternity	X	
	Race	X	Religion or Belief	х	Sex	Х	
	Sexual Orientation	Х	Other	Х			
3. Is the responsibility shared with another directorate,	The responsibility for	the I	Harrow Youth Offending	Tea	am lies within the	Children	
authority or organisation? If so:			he work of the Youth Of		•	, ,	
Who are the partners?	statutory multi agend	cy M	lanagement Board wh	ose	members include	e Police,	

- Who has the overall responsibility?
- How have they been involved in the assessment?

Probation, Health, Youth Justice Board, the Court and the third sector.

The Youth Justice plan is produced in consultation with the Youth Offending Management Board.

Overall responsibility is with the Youth Offending Management Board.

Stage 2: Evidence / Data Collation

4. What evidence / data have you reviewed to assess the potential impact of your proposals? Include the actual data, statistics reviewed in the section below. This can include census data, borough profile, profile of service users, workforce profiles, results from consultations and the involvement tracker, customer satisfaction surveys, focus groups, research interviews, staff surveys; complaints etc. Where possible include data on the nine Protected Characteristics.

The Youth Offending Management Panel has undertaken a self assessment using the Youth Justice Board Self Assessment to inform the development of the plan. Underpinning the plan are the 3 outcome indicators identified by the Youth Justice Board: reducing first time entrants to the criminal justice system, reducing re-offending, reducing the risk of custody.

There has been a reduction in first time entrants to the criminal justice system from 127 in 2011/12 to 79 in 2012/13

The latest available figures for re-offending in the year 2011/12 identified a further reduction in re-offending rates to 35% from 41.6% (ie 70 out of 200 young people were re-offenders compared to 99 young people out of 238

There has been a reduction in the numbers of young people in custody from 17 in 2011/12 to 10 young people in 2012/13.

The plan takes into account interventions and activities which have impacted on the 3 outcome indicators.

In addition Harrow has a high number of young people who are looked after who are offenders/re-offenders. The strategy to reduce the number of looked after children in the criminal justice system is linked to the plan.

Age (including carers of young/older people)	The Youth Offending Team works with young people aged 10-17 years.
Disability (including carers of disabled people)	Young people who offend may be in this category
Gender Reassignment	It is possible that young people who offend may be in this category
Marriage / Civil Partnership	Due to the age of young people who the youth offending team works with few, if any, young people who

	offend may be in this categor	offend may be in this category.						
Pregnancy and Maternity Young people who offend may be in this category								
Race	Young people who offend ma	y be in this category						
Religion and Belief	Young people who offend ma	y be in this category						
Sex / Gender	Young people who offend ma	y be in this category						
Sexual Orientation	Young people who offend ma	y be in this category						
Socio Economic	Young people who offend ma	y be NEET (not in education, employi	ment or training)					
5. What consultation have you und	dertaken on your proposals?							
Who was consulted?	What consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? (This may include further consultation with the affected groups, revising your proposals).					
The Harrow Youth Offending Management Board	Involved in the Youth Justice Board self assessment and the development of the Harrow 2014/15 youth justice plan.	Limited or nil adverse impact	Fed into the 2014/14 Harrow youth offending partnership youth justice plan					
Young people	Completion of "What do you think?" forms	Limited or nil adverse impact	Fed into the 2014/14 Harrow youth offending partnership youth justice plan					
Youth Justice Board Business Partner	Attends the Youth Offending Management Board	Limited or nil adverse impact	Fed into the 2014/14 Harrow youth offending partnership youth justice plan					
6. What other (local, regional, nat media) data sources that you have	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ly and quarterly performance reports.						

assessment?

The Youth Justice Board self assessment.

List the Title of reports / documents and websites here.

The Youth Justice Action Plan 2013/14

The Harrow Youth Offending Team Annual Report 2013/14

Stage 3: Assessing Potential Disproportionate Impact

7. Based on the evidence you have considered so far, is there a risk that your proposals could potentially have a disproportionate adverse impact on any of the Protected Characteristics?

	Age (including carers)	Disability (including carers)	Gender Reassignment	Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation
Yes									
No	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	X

YES - If there is a risk of disproportionate adverse Impact on any **ONE** of the Protected Characteristics, continue with the rest of the template.

- **Best Practice:** You may want to consider setting up a Working Group (including colleagues, partners, stakeholders, voluntary community sector organisations, service users and Unions) to develop the rest of the EqIA
- It will be useful to also collate further evidence (additional data, consultation with the relevant communities, stakeholder groups and service users directly affected by your proposals) to further assess the potential disproportionate impact identified and how this can be mitigated.

NO - If you have ticked 'No' to all of the above, then go to Stage 6

Although the assessment may not have identified potential disproportionate impact, you may have identified actions which can be taken to
advance equality of opportunity to make your proposals more inclusive. These actions should form your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7

Stage 4: Collating Additional data / Evidence

8. What additional data / evidence have you considered in relation to your proposals as a result of the analysis at Stage 3?

(include this evidence, including any data, statistics, titles of documents and website links here)

9 . What further consultation have	you undertaken on your proposals a	s a result of your analysis at Stage 3	?
Who was consulted?	What consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? (This may include further consultation with the affected groups, revising your proposals).

Stage 5: Assessing Impact and Analysis

10. What does your evidence tell you about the impact on different groups? Consider whether the evidence shows potential for differential impact, if so state whether this is an adverse or positive impact? How likely is this to happen? How you will mitigate/remove any adverse impact?

Protected Characteristic	Adverse	Positive <	Explain what this impact is, how likely it is to happen and the extent of impact if it was to occur. Note – Positive impact can also be used to demonstrate how your proposals meet the aims of the PSED Stage 9	What measures can you take to mitigate the impact or advance equality of opportunity? E.g. further consultation, research, implement equality monitoring etc (Also Include these in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)
Age (including carers of young/older people)		Х	The plan addresses the 3 outcomes identified by the Youth Justice Board Reducing first time entrants Reducing re-offending Reducing the use of custody	
Disability (including		х	The plan addresses the 3 outcomes identified by the Youth Justice Board	

carers of		Reducing first time entrants	
disabled		Reducing re-offending	
people)		Reducing the use of custody	
Gender		The plan addresses the 3 outcomes identified by the Youth Justice Board	
Reassignment	X	Reducing first time entrants	
		Reducing re-offending	
		Reducing the use of custody	
Marriage and		The plan addresses the 3 outcomes identified by the Youth Justice Board	
Civil	X	Reducing first time entrants	
Partnership		Reducing re-offending	
		Reducing the use of custody	
		The plan addresses the 3 outcomes identified by the Youth Justice Board	
Pregnancy	X	Reducing first time entrants	
and Maternity		Reducing re-offending	
		Reducing the use of custody	
Race		The plan addresses the 3 outcomes identified by the Youth Justice Board	
	X	Reducing first time entrants	
		Reducing re-offending	
		Reducing the use of custody	
D. III		The plan addresses the 3 outcomes identified by the Youth Justice Board	
Religion or Belief	X	Reducing first time entrants	
Delici		Reducing re-offending	
		Neddeling re-offeriding	

		Rec	lucing the use of cust	tody					
Sex			e plan addresses the 3 tice Board	3 outcomes identif	fied by the Youth				
		X Rec	lucing first time entra	ints					
			lucing re-offending						
		Rec	lucing the use of cust	tody					
Sexual			e plan addresses the 3 tice Board	3 outcomes identi	fied by the Youth				
orientation		X Rec	lucing first time entra	ints					
		Rec	lucing re-offending						
		Rec	lucing the use of cust	tody					
			at else is happenir		Yes		N	o X	
Council and Har impact on a par			oroposals have a c	cumulative					
impact on a par	ticulai Protecte	u Characterist	liCf						
If yes, which Pro	otected Charact	teristics could	be affected and v	what is the					
potential impact						I			
_	•		at else is happenir national/local pol		Yes		N	o X	
		•	national/local pol lunity tensions, le	, ,					
•		•	viduals/service us	•					
economic, healt	h or an impact	on community	y cohesion?						
If yes, what is t	he notential imi	nact and how	likely is to happe	n?					
			e potential advers		l ified may result in	n a Protected	Characteristic	heina disad	vantaged?
•			guidance on the	•	•				_
•	•		Harrow HUB/Equ		•			,	
	Age (including carers)	Disability (including carers)	Gender Reassignment	Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation
Yes		,							

No	X	X	Χ	X	X	X	X	X	X
		6.1							6

If you have answered "yes" to any of the above, set out what justification there may be for this in Q12a below - link this to the aims of the proposal and whether the disadvantage is proportionate to the need to meet these aims. (You are encouraged to seek legal advice, if you are concerned that the proposal may breach the equality legislation or you are unsure whether there is objective justification for the proposal)

If the analysis shows the potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage (or potential discrimination) but you have identified a potential justification for this, this information must be presented to the decision maker for a final decision to be made on whether the disadvantage is proportionate to achieve the aims of the proposal.

- If there are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)
- If the analysis shows unlawful conduct under the equalities legislation, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)

Stage 6: Decision **13.** Please indicate which of the following statements best describes the outcome of your EqIA (✓ tick one box only) Outcome 1 - No change required: the EqIA has not identified any potential for unlawful conduct or disproportionate impact and Χ all opportunities to advance equality are being addressed. Outcome 2 – Minor adjustments to remove / mitigate adverse impact or advance equality have been identified by the EqIA. List the actions you propose to take to address this in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7 Outcome 3 – Continue with proposals despite having identified potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities to advance equality. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the EqIA and should be in line with the PSED to have 'due regard'. In some cases, compelling reasons will be needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the adverse impact and/or plans to monitor the impact. (Explain this in 13a below) Outcome 4 – Stop and rethink: when there is potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage to one or more protected groups. (You are encouraged to seek Legal Advice about the potential for unlawful conduct under equalities legislation) 13a. If your EqIA is assessed as outcome 3 or you have ticked 'yes' in Q12, explain your justification with full reasoning to continue with your proposals.

Stage 7: Improvement	Action Plan				
14. List below any actions y	you plan to take as a result of this Impa	ct Assessment. This shoul	ld include any ac	tions identified throug	hout the EqIA.
Area of potential		How will you know			Date Action
adverse impact e.g.	Action required to mitigate	this is achieved? E.g.	Target Date	Lead Officer	included in
Race, Disability		Performance Measure			Service /

	/ Target		Team Plan

Stage 8 - Monitoring
The full impact of the proposals may only be known after they have been implemented. It is therefore important to ensure effective monitoring measures are in place to assess the impact.

15. How will you monitor the impact of the proposals once they have been implemented? What monitoring measures need to be introduced to ensure effective monitoring of your proposals? How often will you do this? (Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)	The monthly and quarterly performance reports will measure the impact of the plan. The plan will be reviewed by the Youth Offending Management Board. The Youth Justice Baord self assessment will be reviewed to inform the annual youth offending plan.
16. How will the results of any monitoring be analysed, reported and publicised? (Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)	Performance will be reported to the Youth Offending Management Board on a quarterly basis. Annual report to Harrows Corporate Parenting Panel. Reporting to the Safer Harrow Partnership.
17. Have you received any complaints or compliments about the proposals being assessed? If so, provide details.	None

Stage 9: Public Sector Equality Duty

18. How do your proposals contribute towards the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) which requires the Council to have due regard to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different groups.

(Include all the positive actions of your proposals, for example literature will be available in large print, Braille and community languages, flexible working hours for parents/carers, IT equipment will be DDA compliant etc)

Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010	Advance equality of opportunity between people from different groups	Foster good relations between people from different groups
Harrow Children and Families Directorate currently operate within these requirements and will continue to do so.	See left column	See left column

Stage 10 - Organisational sign Off (to be completed by Chair of Departmental Equalities Task Group) The completed EqIA needs to be sent to the chair of your Departmental Equalities Task Group (DETG) to be signed off.						
19 . Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan?						
Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)	Ann Garratt	Signed: (Chair of DETG)	Roger Rickman			
Date:	21st August 2014	Date:	21st August 2014			
Date EqIA presented at the EqIA Quality Assurance Group		Signature of ETG Chair				